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*Yellow fever at Gualan.*

August 24. A dispatch from Doctor Lytle, railroad surgeon at Gualan, reports 2 cases of yellow fever at that place. The local authorities have instituted restrictions on travel.

There is much nonimmune material at Puerto Barrios in newly arrived soldiers from the interior.

August 29. On the 24th instant I reported from Puerto Barrios the appearance of yellow fever in Gualan, 80 miles from the port on the Guatemala Railroad.

To-day, Doctor Manriquez, from Guatemala City, is in Livingston, having been sent on a mission of inspection. He reports that he made a thoro inspection of every station on the railroad, and found all free from infection. Of the 2 cases reported 1 died; the other was convalescent.

I have received from Doctor Lytle, in reply to telegram sent him, the following:

"Two positive cases, 1 death; no other suspicious cases at present. General health of town fairly good."

## HONDURAS.

*Report from Tela—Inspection of vessels.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Roe reports as follows: Week ended August 25, 1906. Present officially estimated population, about 4,000; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 23	Utstein.....	New Orleans .....	16	0	0	0
25	Condor.....	Mobile .....	17	0	0	0

## INDIA.

*Report from Calcutta—Transactions of Service—Cholera, plague, and smallpox.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, August 9, as follows:

Week ended August 4, 1906: Bill of health issued to the steamship *Bechuana*, bound for Philadelphia and New York, with a total crew of 62. The usual precautions were taken, holds fumigated, rat guards placed on wharf lines, and lascars' effects disinfected.

Week ended July 28, 1906: Five deaths from cholera, 9 deaths from plague, and 9 deaths from smallpox in Calcutta.

In India, week ended July 21, 1906: Nine hundred and fifty-nine cases and 796 deaths from plague. Week ended July 28, 1906: 688 cases and 562 deaths from plague.